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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/039,313	10/27/2001	Shahram Shariff	006593-01953	2119
33375	7590	07/27/2006	EXAMINER	
THOMPSON HINE LLP P.O Box 8801 DAYTON, OH 45401-8801		BLAKE, CAROLYN T		
		ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER
		3724		

DATE MAILED: 07/27/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/039,313	SHARIFF ET AL.
	Examiner Carolyn T. Blake	Art Unit 3724

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 May 2006.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-4, 6-8, 10, 18, 19, 28, 29 and 32-46 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-4, 6-8, 10, 18, 19, 28, 29 and 32-46 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ . |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ . |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to the amendment and remarks filed on May 12, 2006.
2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 1, 3, 6, 28, 29, 32-36, and 38-46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meeker et al (2,573,861) in view of Fischer (2,416,684).

Meeker et al disclose the invention substantially as claimed including: a gripping plate (90/112) having a front surface (shown with teeth in FIGS 1-3) and a rear surface (opposite the front in FIGS 1-3), such that the front surface is shaped to grip a good product (see FIGS 1-3, the teeth 91 grip food products); said plate including an attachment portion (93/99/101/102) extending generally outwardly from the rear surface; a handle (95) having an opening shaped to releasably receive the attachment portion; and a feed arm (80) including a pair of arm openings (see FIGS 4 and 5), a first one (FIGS 4) of said opening being shaped to be generally located between the handle and said gripping plate, a second one (FIG 5) of said openings being capable of receiving a slide rod (77) of a slicer.

Meeker et al lacks the handle connection as claimed. However, Fischer discloses it is old and well known in the art to use elongated attachment portions with opposed laterally extending legs with feet that engage corresponding feet detents for the purpose of releasably connecting handles to cutting tools by twisting such that the handles are easily removable and replaceable. Specifically, Fischer discloses an

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attachment portion including a pair of opposed, generally laterally extending feet (22); and a handle (10) having an opening (13), wherein said opening and said attachment portion are configured such that said attachment portion is insertable into said opening, such that said attachment portion can be generally rigidly coupled to said handle, and wherein said opening and said attachment portion are configured to cooperate such that said attachment portion is initially insertable into said opening in more than two radial positions, wherein said opening of said handle includes a generally inwardly tapered side wall (see FIG 1) such that said feet engage said side wall and are urged together when said attachment portion is urged into said opening and wherein said handle is configured to be manually decoupled, without the use of tools, from said attachment portion by twisting said handle relative to said attachment portion such that said attachment portion and said handle are not generally rigidly coupled, wherein said handle has a generally continuous outer surface and lacks any auxiliary openings that communicate with said opening of said handle. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace the elongated attachment bar of the Meeker et al device with the elongated opposed legs with feet that engage corresponding feet detents and corresponding handle structure, as taught by Fischer, in order to provide a quick, releasable handle connection.

It should be noted that Fischer is considered an analogous art references because it is reasonably pertinent to the particular problem with which the applicant was concerned, that is, quick release handles.

As to claim 3, the modified device of Meeker et al discloses the use of teeth extending generally forwardly from the front surface. See FIGS 2, 4, and 6.

As to claims 6, the modified device of Meeker et al discloses the use of a connection arm (80, see FIG 1 of Meeker et al) coupled to and extending between both of the feed arm openings.

4. Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meeker et al in view of Fischer as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of the Hobart Catalog of replacement parts, hereinafter Hobart, and Kondo et al (5,622,035) or Maughan (5,607,249).

The modified device of Meeker et al discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for a wave washer located between the handle and the feed arm or between the feed arm and the gripping plate such that the handle is urged away from the plate and/or the feed arm.

The modified Meeker et al device does teach the need for a spring to urge the handle away from the connection site such that the opposite feet are frictionally engaged with the feet detents. Hobart discloses it is old and well known in the art to use washers between feed arms and handles for the purpose of facilitating the attachment between the handle and the feed arm. Kondo et al and Maughan both disclose it is old and well known in the art to use wave washers for the purpose of urging two attached elements away from each other such that the connection is facilitated. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a wave washer between the feed arm and the

handle of the modified device of Meeker et al in order to urge the feed arm and handle away from each other such that the opposed feet of the attachment portion are frictionally engaged with the feed detents, thereby facilitating the connection between the handle and attachment portion.

5. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meeker et al in view of Fischer as applied to claim 1 and 3 above, and further in view of the following.

The modified device of Meeker et al discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the specific teeth length between about 0.35 inches and about 0.40 inches and for the specific tip diameter between about 0.05 inches to about 0.15 inches. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the teeth between 0.35 and 0.40 inches as well as making the tip diameter between 0.05 and 0.15 inches for the purpose of facilitating gripping of a food product depending upon the type of food product being cut, because it has been held that where the generally conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill and because such a modification would have involved a mere change in size of a component. A change in size is generally recognized as being within the level of ordinary skill in the art.

6. Claims 7, 8, 18, and 19 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meeker et al in view of Fischer as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of the following.

The modified device of Meeker et al discloses the invention substantially as claimed including the attachment portion including a pair of spaced generally parallel legs (17) coupled to one of the feet (16), the opening of the handle includes a pair of opposed end openings (see FIG 3D) shaped to receive the feet.

As to claim 8, the modified device of Meeker et al discloses the use of feet that extend generally outwardly from its associated leg and includes a curved outer surface. In the alternative, even if it is argued that the modified device of Meeker et al lacks the curved outer surface, at the time the invention was made, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to use feet with curved outer surfaces for the purpose of facilitating engagement of the feet with the opening in the handle because Applicant has not disclosed the curved outer surface provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected Applicant's invention to perform equally well with either outer surface of the feet because both outer surfaces of the feet would perform the same function of allowing the engagement and disengagement of the feet with the handle openings. Therefore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the modified device of Meeker et al to obtain the invention as specified in claim 8.

As to claim 18, the handle is generally tube shaped.

As to claims 19, the modified device of Meeker et al discloses the use of cam surfaces (see FIGS 1 and 3) located and configured to interact with the feet wherein the feet are capable of being urged inwardly.

7. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meeker et al in view of Fischer as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of the following.

The modified device of Meeker et al, as fully explained in the rejection to claim 1, discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for the second one of the feed arm openings contributing at least 50 percent of the weight of the feed grip. It would have been an obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make the second feed arm opening with at least 50 percent of the weight of the feed grip in order to ease rotating the feed grip by reducing the amount of weight the user would need to lift, because it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art.

8. Claim 37 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Meeker et al in view of Fischer as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Ruschke (5,556,541).

The modified device of Meeker et al discloses the invention substantially as claimed except for an overmold. Ruschke discloses it is old and well known to use an overmold in connecting multiple components for the purpose of eliminating fasteners. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide an overmold on the modified Meeker et al device for the purpose of eliminating connection fasteners.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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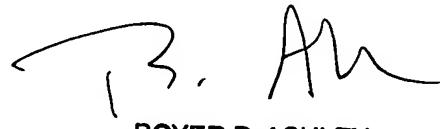
Conclusion

10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carolyn T. Blake whose telephone number is (571) 272-4503. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:30 PM, alternating Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Boyer D. Ashley can be reached on (571) 272-4502. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.


CB
July 18, 2006


BOYER D. ASHLEY
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER